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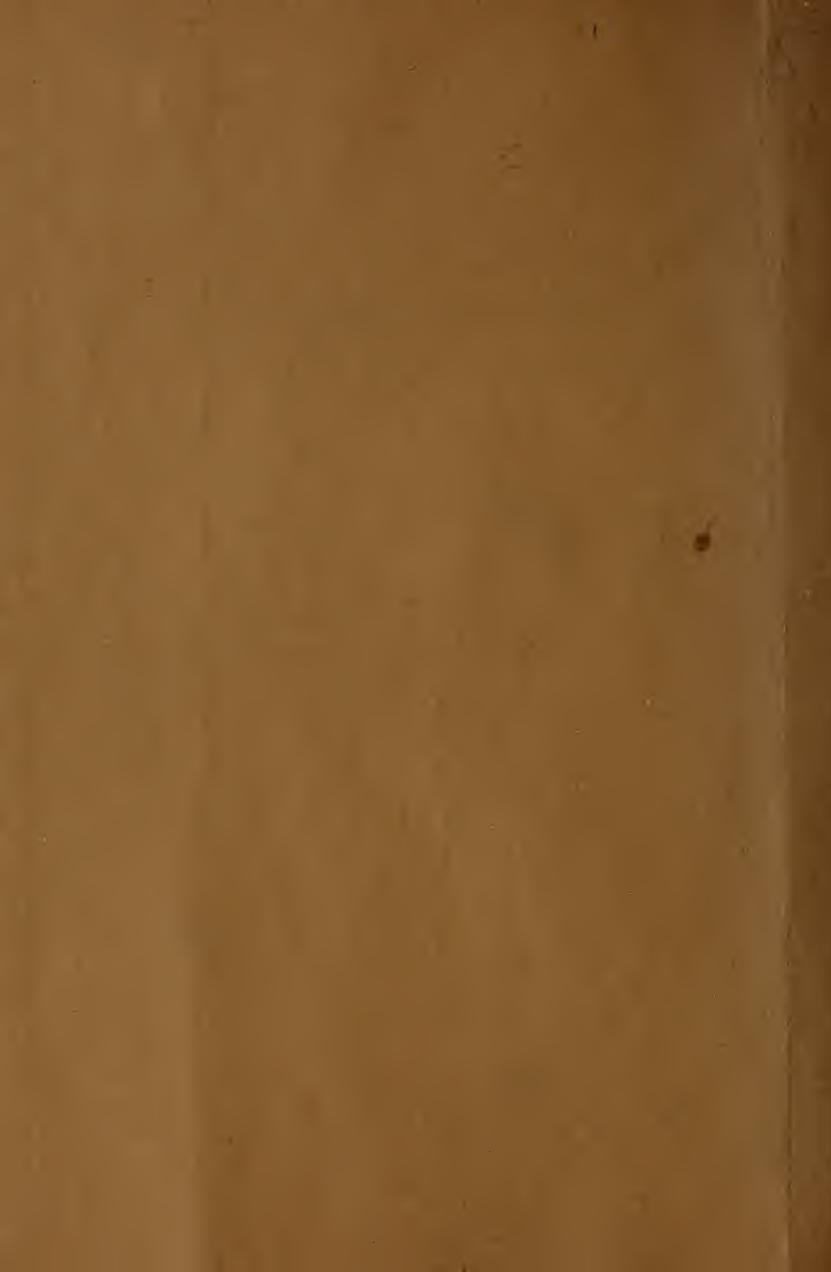


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Massachusetts Cremation Society

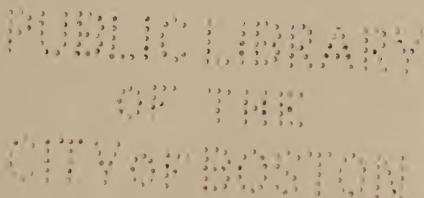
Fifteenth
Annual
Report
for the year
1908

Addresses at the Annual Meeting

6625

MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR
1908



BOSTON
GEO. H. ELLIS CO., PRINTERS, 272 CONGRESS STREET
1909

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July 25/29

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WALL J. L. L. L.

THE MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY.

REV. PAUL REVERE FROTHINGHAM, *President*, 294 Beacon Street.

JOHN RITCHIE, *Vice-President*, 3 Hancock Avenue.

RICHARD W. HALE, *Treasurer*, 60 State Street.

ROGER D. SWAIM, *Clerk*, 60 State Street.

Honorary Vice-Presidents.

REV. EDWARD H. HALL.

PRESIDENT CHARLES W. ELIOT.

RIGHT REV. WILLIAM LAWRENCE.

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HELEN B. MERRIMAN (Mrs. Daniel Merriman), 73 Bay State Road.

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ROGER D. SWAIM, 60 State Street, Boston.

THE PRESIDENT REV. PAUL REVERE FROTH- INGHAM'S ADDRESS AT THE ANNUAL MEETING, JANUARY 20, 1909.

It has been the custom in past years for the President at the annual meeting to make an address dealing with the general subject of the progress of our cause. Year by year there would seem to be less reason for doing this, as the advances we are making, while steady, are largely unperceived, and, while considerable, are not of the kind to attract much notice. Indeed, we have, as it appears to me, outgrown the period of argument and lived beyond the stage at which it is necessary to advocate, with vehemence, our cause. What we need at the present time is to furnish people with information in regard to the particulars and methods of cremation. A difficulty which we constantly encounter is ignorance on the matter. People imagine that there are obstacles to be overcome, and at no time so much as in a period of sorrow is it so easy to do the conventional or customary thing. It often happens, as I go about from place to place, that I am asked for information on this point, and the Clerk, in answer to my appeals, has frequently sent out literature to enlighten people.

What I have to suggest, therefore, on this occasion is an added activity in these directions. I believe that we might wisely advertise in several local newspapers or in periodicals which have a circulation in New England, stating that cremation literature will be sent free, upon application to our Clerk.

One of the most active branches of church work at the present time is carried on by what is known as the Post-office Mission. This consists in advertising through various columns that religious literature of one kind or another will be sent free upon application. It is wonderful how many requests are received, and how many books and tracts are sent out in reply. It is an interesting fact that people like to get things *free*, no matter what the nature of the thing may be. I venture, therefore, to call this matter to the attention of the Directors, hoping that in this way the obstacles may be removed from people's paths which oftentimes are allowed to interfere with what would be their wishes.

So far as the general progress of our cause is concerned, there is little, as I have said, which requires to be emphasized. There are certain movements which go forward quietly, and suddenly surprise us by the advances they have made. This is the case, for instance, with so great a cause as that of International Good-will and Peace. People often argue as regards the horrors and barbarities of war. They emphasize the cost of navies, and estimate how many colleges or universities could be endowed or built by what it costs to construct a single battleship, and how many ministers' salaries could be paid by the expense of sending our fleet around the world. And all this, perhaps, is well. But in the mean time, along unseen ways, the cause of Internationalism is promoted. We do things in a hundred directions, not in national ways, but in international ways. We are not content with national societies of philanthropists or architects, or physicians or of educators, even, but in all these departments we have organized international societies. Imperceptibly, therefore, and quietly the cause of good will comes to be promoted.

And thus it is as regards this special movement to which our interests are given. We do not need to argue about it, nor constantly to express our reasons for believing it the more excellent way. The very growing intelligence of people is working for us, and we may safely put our trust in the general progress of intelligence.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

The year 1907 marked the largest number of cremations in the history of the Society, and was an increase such as we could hardly expect to maintain. The cremations for the past year have, however, fallen below that number by one only, and are 275 in number. This is very encouraging. Cremations at Mt. Auburn were 243 in number, an increase of 33 over 1907.

During the year a new granolithic floor was built in the retort-room, and the interior of the chapel, retort-room, and halls redecorated and much improved in appearance. New portières will soon be hung in the rear of the chapel.

A circular and pamphlets were sent to all undertakers in New England.

During the year 26 niches in the Columbarium were sold, bringing in \$1,329. The total number of niches sold is now 77. Perpetual care for 21 urns was paid for, making with those previously in our care 49. There was also \$220 received for temporary storage of urns. There are unsold 181 niches of 725 urn capacity, listed at \$15,820.

The receipts from cremations show a decrease of \$55 over receipts in 1907. This is due to the smaller number of cremations, and the payment of medical examiner's fees in thirty-three cases where the death occurred outside the State.

The accounts seem satisfactory.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS FROM DECEMBER
31, 1907, TO DECEMBER 31, 1908, OUTSIDE OF THE INCOME
ACCOUNT.

INCREASE OF ASSETS.

Land	\$197.10
Buildings	1,635.09
Increase in stock of urns	204.77
Increase in value of unexpired insurance94
Columbarium (construction)	425.55
Cash increased	<u>2,352.39</u>
	\$4,815.84

DECREASE OF LIABILITIES.

Charged to advance payments for incineration	<u>210.00</u>
	\$5,025.84

INCREASE OF LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	\$50.00
Special Fund New England Cremation Society (proceeds of sale of Quarter-Century of Cremation)	3.00
Incineration Fund, payments in advance	93.00
Perpetual care contracts	430.00
Columbarium sales	<u>1,329.00</u>
	\$1,905.00

INCREASE OF GENERAL PROFIT AND LOSS.

Increase over December 31, 1907	<u>\$3,120.84</u>
	\$5,025.84

CONDENSED INCOME ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

	1907.	1908.	Decrease.	Increase.
Cremations	\$8,130.00	\$8,075.00	\$55.00	
Profit on urns	219.16	217.26	1.90	
Interest	<u>90.38</u>	<u>144.94</u>		\$54.56
	\$8,439.54	\$8,437.20		

PAYMENTS.

Operation	\$4,579.85	\$4,381.03	\$198.82
Insurance	92.16	83.06	9.10
General expenses	483.42	600.14	\$116.72
Publicity	259.93	252.13	7.80
	<u>\$5,415.36</u>	<u>\$5,316.36</u>	

Net earnings carried to profit and loss . . . \$3,120.84

TRIAL BALANCE.

ASSETS.

Land account	\$13,671.15
Building account	27,983.08
Urns, stock on hand	688.62
Cash	8,366.53
Unexpired insurance (estimated value)	209.31
Columbarium	<u>8,934.45</u>
	\$59,853.14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	\$43,240.00
Special Fund, New England Cremation Society	1,280.29
Advance payments, Incineration Fund	2,341.57
Perpetual care contracts	923.00
Columbarium sales account	4,374.00
Profit and loss account	<u>7,694.28</u>
	\$59,853.14

Respectfully submitted,

RICHARD W. HALE,

Treasurer.

Rabbi FLEISCHER recently said:—

“It is high time that cremation for the dead be adopted by all people. Cremation is the only decent and respectable way of disposing of dead bodies. We should know better than to bury our dead in the earth, where the remains soon mould and are subject to the chemical actions of the earth.

“I mean to have my body cremated. Cremation would do away entirely with the gruesome aspect of death which cemeteries present to us. I am in favor of gradually doing away with cemeteries entirely.”

TABLE SHOWING CREMATIONS IN MASSACHUSETTS
TO DATE.

<i>Year.</i>	<i>Massachusetts Cremation Society.</i>	<i>Mt. Auburn Cemetery, began in 1900.</i>	<i>Total.</i>
1894	87	—	87
1895	88	—	88
1896	135	—	135
1897	160	—	160
1898	167	—	167
1899	230	—	230
1900	188	50	238
1901	171	119	290
1902	219	134	353
1903	224	153	377
1904	211	180	391
1905	227	183	410
1906	238	163	401
1907	276	210	486
1908	275	243	518
Total	2,896	1,435	4,331

Massachusetts Cremation Society

Sixteenth
Annual
Report
for the year
1909

Addresses at the Annual Meeting

MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR
1909

BOSTON

F. E. BACON & Co., PRINTERS, 167 OLIVER STREET

1910

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CLM
The Society
1916

THE MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY

REV. PAUL REVERE FROTHINGHAM, *President*, 294 Beacon Street.
JOHN RITCHIE, *Vice-President*, 3 Hancock Avenue.
RICHARD W. HALE, *Treasurer*, 60 State Street.
ROGER D. SWAIM, *Clerk*, 60 State Street.

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THE PRESIDENT REV. PAUL REVERE FROTHING-
HAM'S ADDRESS AT THE ANNUAL MEETING,
JANUARY 19, 1910

As we come together for our annual meeting there is much to encourage us in the condition of society and in the movement as a whole. The cause we represent is growing constantly in favor. Crematories are being multiplied and columbariums being built. At present there are 39 crematories in the United States and 5 in process of construction; of these our crematory stands fourth in the number of cremations for the last five years. New York, San Francisco and Oakland, California, alone surpass us. It is interesting to notice that there have been, up to January 1, 1909, 48,399 cremations in the whole of the United States. Of these 2,896 took place at Forest Hills. Our record for the last five years is interesting.

In 1905 there were 227 cremations

“ 1906 “ “ 238 “

“ 1907 “ “ 276 “

“ 1908 “ “ 275 “

“ 1909 again our greatest number—276.

In other countries progress likewise has been made. Within the past ten years cremations in England have nearly doubled, and it is an interesting fact that the most distinguished Englishman who died last year, the famous novelist, George Meredith, was cremated. In Germany, while there were less

than 4,000 cremations in 1907, there were more than 5,000 in 1908.

As regards the cause itself, there are two things always to be emphasized: First, the beauty of the way we represent, and second, the barbarism of the common practice of burial. In Greece, in the old days, it was considered an honor to be burned, and I have seen it stated that this honor was denied only to three classes of people: to suicides, to little children, and to people who had been struck by lightning.

As regards the barbarism of the older method there is little that I need to say. We cannot be reminded too often that the earth is for the living, not the dead. Near Chicago some four thousand acres of valuable land already have been rendered useless by being set apart for cemeteries. Yet Chicago is among the newest cities, and if this use of land continues there is no telling where it may not reach. Near New York within a radius of twenty miles there are 111 cemeteries which actually cover more than 10,000 acres of land. Here with us Mount Auburn and Forest Hills are becoming surrounded by houses, and almost may be included within the city's limits. It is time for us, therefore, to push our cause. By speaking of it when we may, and calling attention to the strides which it has made, we shall do much without doubt to influence people and persuade them to the position which is ours.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Cremations during the past year, 1909, have equalled our record, and were 276 in number. Mount Auburn Cemetery reports 254, an increase of 11 over 1908. The total in the state was thus 530. We hope to begin to see the coming year the result of the extended advertising just finished. This advertising was started in August, and quotations from remarks of prominent people, with a notice that literature would be sent free on application, were published in most of the leading newspapers of New England at frequent intervals up to the middle of November. The cost of this and of printing the pamphlets sent out is the cause of the large increase in the Publicity Account.

In reply we received requests from and sent out literature to about five hundred applicants. Their addresses have been preserved as a mailing list.

One of the retorts was remodeled during the year, and new burners installed, in an attempt to use a cheaper oil. The experiment has not been entirely successful, but we are still working on the proposition, and the new burners are more effective than the old.

Under the vote of the Directors the Treasurer made several loans during the year, and the interest account shows an increase as a result.

Thirty-four niches in the Columbarium were sold, making the total number now sold 111. Perpetual care for 26 urns

was arranged for, and the total number now in our care on this basis is 75. The payments for annual care had formerly been kept in this account, but those on which our obligation has expired have now been transferred to Income, and the current payments to a new account which is closed into Income annually as the obligation expires.

A portrait of our late President, Dr. James R. Chadwick, has been hung at the Crematory, and is a valuable addition.

At the suggestion of Mrs. John Storer Cobb the Treasurer communicated with public libraries and college libraries throughout the country and sent copies of "A Quarter Century of Cremation" to such as replied that the book would be appreciated.

The Treasurer's accounts for 1908 were duly audited by Mr. J. W. Buhlert, and in like manner the accounts for 1909 will be submitted to him.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS FROM DECEMBER 31, 1908, TO DECEMBER 31, 1909, OUTSIDE OF THE INCOME ACCOUNT.

INCREASE OF ASSETS		
Buildings	\$260.04	
Urns	107.59	
Columbarium	314.15	
Bills receivable	3,500.00	
Cash	513.69	
		<hr/>
		\$4,695.47
DECREASE OF LIABILITIES		
Incineration Fund	\$150.00	
Perpetual care contracts, payments for annual care on which liability has expired, transferred to Income	306.00	
Perpetual care contracts, payments for current annual care transferred to new account (Payments for Annual Care) . . .	159.00	
		<hr/>
		615.00
DECREASE OF GENERAL PROFIT AND LOSS		
By writing off depreciation	8,588.68	
		<hr/>
		\$13,899.15
DECREASE OF ASSETS		
Land (by depreciation written off)	\$3,671.15	
Buildings (by depreciation written off) . .	2,983.68	
Columbarium (by depreciation written off) .	1,851.75	
Unexpired insurance	7.77	
		<hr/>
		\$8,613.75
INCREASE OF LIABILITIES		
Special Fund, New England Cremation Society, by sale of Quarter-Century of Cremation	\$ 3.00	
Incineration Fund, payments in advance .	90.00	
Perpetual care contracts	512.00	
Columbarium sales	1,915.00	
Annual care, payments	211.00	
		<hr/>
		2,731.00
INCREASE OF GENERAL PROFIT AND LOSS		
Increase over December 31, 1908	2,554.40	
		<hr/>
		\$13,899.15

CONDENSED INCOME ACCOUNT

	1908	1909	<i>Increase</i>	<i>Decrease</i>
Cremations	\$8,075.00	\$8,055.00		\$20.00
Profit on Urns	217.26	352.09	\$134.83	
Interest	144.94	246.07	101.13	
Annual Care pay- ments on which time has expired .		349.00	349.00	
	<hr/>	<hr/>		
	\$8,437.20	\$9,002.16		

PAYMENTS

Operation	\$4,381.03	\$4,352.86		\$28.17
Insurance	83.06	78.82		4.24
General Expense	600.14	856.71	256.57	
Publicity	252.13	1,159.37	907.24	
	<hr/>	<hr/>		
	\$5,316.36	\$6,447.76		
Net earnings	\$3,120.84	\$2,554.40		\$566.44

TRIAL BALANCE

ASSETS

Land	\$10,000.00	
Buildings	25,260.04	
Columbarium	7,296.85	
Bills receivable	3,500.00	
Urns	796.21	
Unexpired Insurance	201.54	
Cash	8,880.22	
	<hr/>	\$55,934.86

LIABILITIES

Capital	\$43,240.00	
Special Fund, New England Cremation Society	1,283.29	
Incineration Fund	2,281.57	
Perpetual Care Contracts	970.00	
Columbarian sales of niches	6,289.00	
Payments for Annual Care	211.00	
Profit and loss	1,660.00	
	<hr/>	\$55,934.86

Respectfully submitted,

RICHARD W. HALE,

Treasurer.

JANUARY 19, 1910.

"The condition of many old graveyards, the neglect of tombs, and their possible desecration, are a shock to a reverent spirit. Such risks are reduced by cremation. All the details of the service and the incineration are consistent with reverence."

RT. REV. WM. LAWRENCE,

Bishop of Massachusetts.

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TO DATE

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1905	227	183	410
1906	238	163	401
1907	276	210	486
1908	275	243	518
1909	276	254	530
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	3,172	1,689	4 861

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Massachusetts Cremation Society

April 1, 1911

Seventeenth
A n n u a l
R e p o r t
for the year
1 9 1 0

Addresses at the Annual Meeting

MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY

SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR
1910

BOSTON
F. E. BACON & Co., INC., PRINTERS, 255 ATLANTIC AVENUE
1911

THE MASSACHUSETTS CREMATION SOCIETY

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CREMATION — SOME ASPECTS OF ITS RELATION TO THE STATE

In addition to his report as Treasurer, which follows, it seems to the Treasurer worth while this year to make certain general remarks which arise out of his experience as the Executive Manager of the property of the society.

The corporation has never failed in any year since it got fairly started to earn a substantial amount above its expenses. Looking back over the whole history of its finances it has earned a fair and moderate rate of return on the money invested, but the constant demands for progress have absorbed this up to the present time. Of course, as compared with earth burial, the fact that we pay taxes has been material and important. From the point of view of the things for which cremation exists and is worth while the Treasurer regards this as highly desirable. If the new method can compare with the old and carry with it the additional advantage that it does not need to be subsidized by the State, there is certainly an additional argument for its existence. Every piece of property which is exempt from taxation and which is permanently dedicated to charitable uses diminishes the quantity of effective property in the community. But in our case not only do we pay taxes on what we have, but also there is no probability that we will increase the amount of property which we withdraw from the use of the living and appropriate it, as cemeteries do, for the dead and gone.

One of the elements which is made plain in the same way by the financial history of the corporation from the start is the progress in economy and while, as always, it seems as if the limits of such progress had nearly been reached, yet on the other hand that is probably a condition common to every active enterprise of the present day and a condition in respect of which we shall strive to be agreeably disappointed hereafter.

The construction of the Columbarium stands upon a somewhat different footing and, looking forward in the same way to the future development of the enterprise as a public servant, the question arises whether the Columbarium will not have to be differently treated to some extent. Those who place urns within it expect and have a right to require an obligation to give the service permanently. The experience of cemeteries teaches that in connection with permanent service, even where there are no taxes to pay, the annual demands for due care require a perpetual care fund. So far the corporation has created such a fund in substance by the investment of its receipts from the Columbarium; for instance, in the house which has just been erected upon the grounds and will be rented to the Superintendent and his assistant. But there may be hereafter a serious question for consideration whether crematories do not need legislation something like the legislation which is given to cemeteries, not for the protection or subsidy of the things which they do from day to day, but for the orderly development of the principle of the Columbarium, so that whatever they do in that respect may be recognized by law as both permanent and safe and equal at least in its advantages to the permanence and safety which may now be found in

cemetery lots. The example of one family which has erected upon its cemetery lot near Boston a private Columbarium of its own indicates that in that way also a permanent solution of the need of a satisfactory perpetual place for urn burial may be found in the existing cemeteries as well as in the columbariums. But the physical conditions forbid any extensive development of the private columbarium on cemetery lots. The care which such places need can only be given under collective management.

Even after allowing for a reasonable and safe final provision for the Columbarium proper, it would seem probable that the limit of future large demands for the investment of capital in the crematory had about been reached. If that shall prove to be so, another considerable advantage of cremation will come into play and the money invested in it will be given a moderate return; perhaps not as great as a return upon invested capital proper, but, it is to be hoped, sufficient to solve future needs for the investment of capital by the more desirable method of having the money added from the sales of stock to people who would be willing to help cremation forward if it does not actually diminish their income. While the Board of Directors have taken no action upon the matter yet, and it has not been laid before them for their serious consideration, the prospect of giving some return on the investment is safer and more interesting than it has been at any stage in the history of the corporation.

TREASURER'S REPORT

The cremations in the past year have been 281 in number, an encouraging increase over previous years. At Mt. Auburn Cemetery there were 253, a slight decrease, and at Springfield, at the new crematory of the Springfield Cemetery Association, started on Oct. 8, 1910, there were 20, making the whole number for the state 554.

The second retort was remodeled during the year with beneficial results.

In view of the talk about the high cost of living, the Treasurer is gratified to report that he has been able to decrease the cost of cremation. It is doubtful whether it will be feasible or even fair to the shareholders to decrease the fee for cremation, but we have been able to avoid increasing it, to avoid in our charges increased fees created by new State Board of Health regulations, and to provide funds to extend and secure our performance of our duty to the community. The present Treasurer took office on April 15, 1904. For the preceding two years the net earnings had averaged 22% of gross earnings and 3 9-10% on stock, and the cost of oil per cremation averaged \$3.28. This was under efficient and satisfactory management. But since then the need of economy and the consequent scientific improvement of methods of cremation has gone so far that in the year 1910 the net earnings were 39% of gross, and 8 $\frac{1}{3}$ % on stock, and the cost of oil per cremation was \$.35.

The house for the Superintendent and his assistant, built on the crematory grounds from an appropriate and tasteful

design by Messrs. Fox and Gale, was completed on Dec. 1, 1910. Besides being an addition to the architectural features of the grounds, this will secure better supervision of the premises and the Society will derive income from its rental to the employees.

The surplus funds on hand have been kept invested by the Treasurer, resulting in a material increase in income.

In the Columbarium 26 niches were sold, making the total number now sold 237. Perpetual care for 22 urns was arranged for and the total number now in our care on this basis is 97.

The Treasurer's accounts for 1909 and also for 1910 have been duly audited by Mr. J. W. Buhlert.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL OPERATIONS FROM DECEMBER 31, 1909, TO DECEMBER 31, 1910, OUTSIDE OF THE INCOME ACCOUNT

INCREASE OF ASSETS

Buildings Crematory	\$ 265.90	
House	8,949.87	
Columbarium	401.80	
Urns	96.74	
Unexpired Insurance	2.50	
Bills receivable	4,537.27	
	<hr/>	\$14,254.08

DECREASE OF LIABILITIES

Incineration Fund	90.00	
	<hr/>	\$14,344.08

DECREASE OF ASSETS

Land, by transfer to House Account	\$ 750.00	
Cash	8,150.22	
	<hr/>	8,900.22

INCREASE OF LIABILITIES

Perpetual Care Contracts	\$ 210.00	
Columbarium Sales	1,590.00	
Special Fund, New England Cremation Society	1.00	
Annual Care, Contracts for 1911	37.00	\$1,838.00
	<hr/>	\$10,738.22
Increase in General Profit and Loss Account		3,605.86
		<hr/>
		\$14,344.08

CONDENSED INCOME ACCOUNT

RECEIPTS

	1909	1910	Increase	Decrease
Cremations	\$8,055.00	\$8,140.00	\$85.00	
Profit on Urns	352.09	265.10		\$86.99
Interest	246.07	346.36	100.29	
Annual Care	349.00	253.00		96.00
House Rent		45.00	45.00	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$9,002.16	\$9,049.46	\$230.29	\$182.99

PAYMENTS

Operation	\$4,352.86	\$4,083.69		\$269.17
Insurance	78.82	83.23	4.41	
General Expense	856.71	932.86	76.15	
Publicity	1,159.37	343.82		805.55
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$6,447.76	\$5,443.60	\$80.56	\$1,074.72
Net earnings	2,554.40	3,605.86	1,051.46	

TRIAL BALANCE

ASSETS

Land	\$ 9,250.00	
Buildings	25,525.94	
Columbarium	7,698.65	
House	8,949.87	
Urns	892.95	
Unexpired Insurance	204.04	
Cash	730.00	
Bills receivable	8,037.27	
	<hr/>	\$61,288.72

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	\$43,240.00	
Columbarium sales of niches	7,879.00	
Perpetual Care Contracts	1,180.00	
Special Fund, New England Cremation Society	1,284.29	
Incineration Fund	2,191.57	
Annual Care Contracts	248.00	
Profit and loss	5,265.86	
	<hr/>	\$61,288.72

Respectfully submitted,

RICHARD W. HALE,
Treasurer.

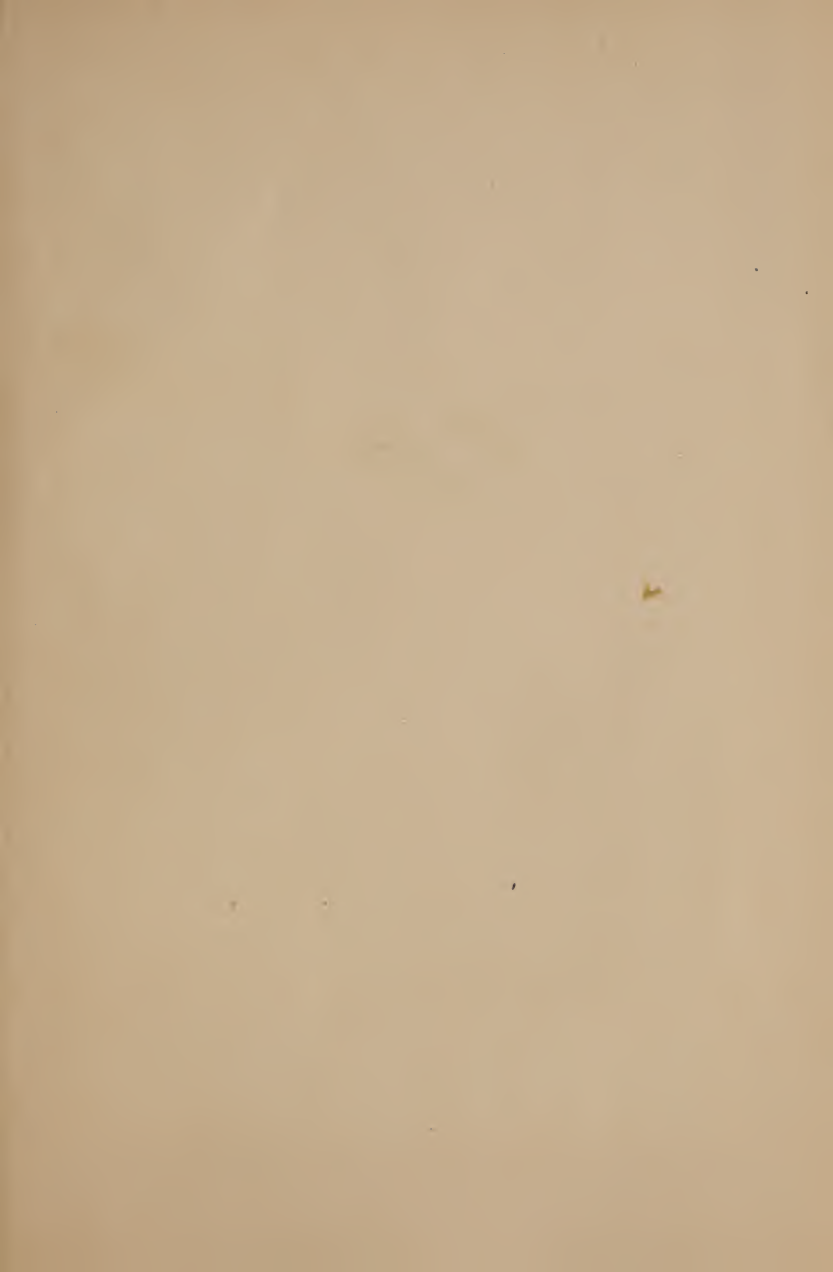
"The condition of many old graveyards, the neglect of tombs, and their possible desecration, are a shock to a reverent spirit. Such risks are reduced by cremation. All the details of the service and the incineration are consistent with reverence."

RT. REV. WM. LAWRENCE,

Bishop of Massachusetts.

TABLE SHOWING CREMATIONS IN MASSACHUSETTS
TO DATE

<i>Year</i>	<i>Massachusetts Cremation Society</i>	<i>Mt. Auburn Cemetery began in 1900</i>	<i>Springfield Cemetery began Oct. 1910</i>	<i>Total</i>
1894	87	—	—	87
1895	88	—	—	88
1896	135	—	—	135
1897	160	—	—	160
1898	167	—	—	167
1899	230	—	—	230
1900	188	50	—	238
1901	171	119	—	290
1902	219	134	—	353
1903	224	153	—	377
1904	211	180	—	391
1905	227	183	—	410
1906	238	163	—	401
1907	276	210	—	486
1908	275	243	—	518
1909	276	254	—	530
1910	281	253	20	554
	<hr/> 3,453	<hr/> 1,942	<hr/> 20	<hr/> 5,415



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